

## 2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl N-methylcarbamate

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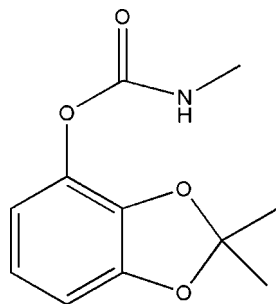
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  
 $R$  factor = 0.035;  $wR$  factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.7.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_4$ , the two fused rings are almost coplanar, making a dihedral angle of  $3.02$  (8)°. In the crystal, chains are formed parallel to  $[010]$  through  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds between the amine and carbonyl groups.

### Related literature

For benzodioxole derivatives, see: Ullrich *et al.* (2004); Gates & Gillon (1974); Arndt & Franke (1977); Joshi *et al.* (2005); Jae *et al.* (2001); Leite *et al.* (2004).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_4$   
 $M_r = 223.22$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$ 
 $a = 9.505$  (6) Å  
 $b = 9.669$  (7) Å  
 $c = 12.355$  (8) Å

 $\beta = 94.326$  (11)°  
 $V = 1132.2$  (13) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 0.10$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K  
 $0.24 \times 0.18 \times 0.16$  mm

#### Data collection

 Siemens SMART APEX CCD area-  
 detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (SADABS; Siemens, 1996)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.976$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.984$ 

 5692 measured reflections  
 2003 independent reflections  
 1615 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$ 

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.098$   
 $S = 1.03$   
 2003 reflections

 146 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.13$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>
**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.86	2.01	2.819 (3)	157

 Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ .

Data collection: SMART (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: SAINT (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BH2301).

### References

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**supplementary materials**

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## 2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl *N*-methylcarbamate

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### Comment

Benzodioxoles derivatives can be used as inhibitors of mono-oxygenase enzymes (Ullrich *et al.*, 2004), pesticides or pesticide intermediates (Gates & Gillon, 1974), herbicides (Arndt & Franke, 1977), antioxidants (Joshi *et al.*, 2005), antimicrobials (Jae *et al.*, 2001) and medicines (Leite *et al.*, 2004). As a part of our continuing interest in the synthesis of benzodioxole derivatives, we have isolated the title compound from the reaction of isocyanatomethane, triethylamine and 2,2-dimethylbenzo[*d*][1,3]dioxol-4-ol, as colorless crystals suitable for X-ray analysis.

As shown in Fig. 1, the molecule is built-up of a five-membered ring and a six-membered ring. Atoms C4, O3, O4, C5, and C6 are coplanar, which is illustrated clearly by the torsion angle O3—C4—C5—C6 [ $-179.39$  ( $14^\circ$ )], C3—C4—C5—O4 [ $177.83$  ( $13^\circ$ )], C3—C4—C5—C6 [ $-0.5$  ( $2^\circ$ )], and O3—C4—C5—O4 [ $-1.11$  ( $17^\circ$ )]. In the crystal structure, amino groups and carbonyl groups are involved in the hydrogen-bond network. Carbonyl atom O1 acts as an acceptor, forming the intramolecular hydrogen bonds depicted in Fig. 2.

### Experimental

The title compound was synthesized from a mixture of triethylamine (2 mmol, 0.2 g), isocyanatomethane (0.11 mol, 6.3 g) and 2,2-dimethylbenzo[*d*][1,3]dioxol-4-ol (0.1 mol, 16.6 g). The resulting compound was dissolved in 20 ml of ethanol and 2 ml of water, and refluxed for 10 min. The system was cooled to room temperature and colorless crystals were collected after two weeks.

### Refinement

Amine H atom H1 was found in a difference map, and its position fixed. Other H atoms were placed in calculated positions and allowed to ride on their parent atoms at distances of 0.93 (aromatic CH) or 0.96 Å (methyl CH<sub>3</sub>), with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$  values fixed to 1.2 or 1.5 times  $U_{\text{eq}}$  of the parent atoms.

### Figures

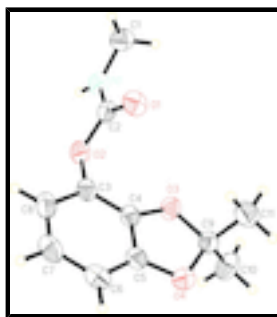


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title molecule with atom labels, showing 40% probability displacement ellipsoids.

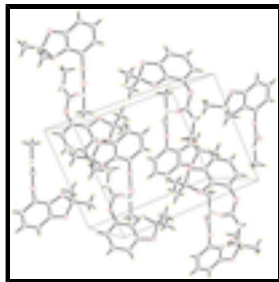


Fig. 2. Part of the crystal structure, with hydrogen bonds shown as dashed lines.

## 2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl *N*-methylcarbamate

### Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{13}NO_4$

$M_r = 223.22$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1n$

$a = 9.505\ (6)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 9.669\ (7)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 12.355\ (8)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 94.326\ (11)^\circ$

$V = 1132.2\ (13)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 472$

$D_x = 1.310\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 408 K

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 2406 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}26.7^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Block, colorless

$0.24 \times 0.18 \times 0.16\ \text{mm}$

### Data collection

Siemens SMART APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Siemens, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.976$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.984$

5692 measured reflections

2003 independent reflections

1615 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.1^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.7^\circ$

$h = -11 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 14$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$

$wR(F^2) = 0.098$

$S = 1.03$

2003 reflections

146 parameters

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0465P)^2 + 0.1766P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.13\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

0 restraints Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008),  
 $F_c^* = kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
 0 constraints Extinction coefficient: 0.035 (3)  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{iso}^*/U_{eq}$
O1	0.78908 (12)	0.22049 (10)	0.73401 (10)	0.0666 (3)
O2	0.91170 (11)	0.04289 (10)	0.81309 (9)	0.0614 (3)
O3	1.07164 (11)	0.14292 (11)	0.63309 (8)	0.0624 (3)
O4	1.27901 (11)	0.26676 (13)	0.65853 (9)	0.0707 (4)
N1	0.69122 (14)	0.01063 (12)	0.74902 (10)	0.0589 (4)
H1	0.7052	-0.0723	0.7726	0.071*
C1	0.55627 (18)	0.04608 (19)	0.69670 (16)	0.0748 (5)
H1A	0.5096	0.1103	0.7412	0.112*
H1B	0.4999	-0.0360	0.6864	0.112*
H1C	0.5689	0.0876	0.6275	0.112*
C2	0.79399 (16)	0.10118 (14)	0.76185 (11)	0.0491 (4)
C3	1.03134 (16)	0.12582 (15)	0.82661 (12)	0.0537 (4)
C4	1.10295 (15)	0.16741 (14)	0.74063 (11)	0.0505 (4)
C5	1.22535 (16)	0.24235 (16)	0.75644 (12)	0.0554 (4)
C6	1.28072 (19)	0.27957 (18)	0.85695 (14)	0.0674 (5)
H6	1.3632	0.3313	0.8667	0.081*
C7	1.2084 (2)	0.23669 (19)	0.94372 (14)	0.0730 (5)
H7	1.2435	0.2597	1.0137	0.088*
C8	1.0863 (2)	0.16103 (17)	0.92966 (13)	0.0670 (5)
H8	1.0402	0.1333	0.9898	0.080*
C9	1.17105 (17)	0.22577 (17)	0.57665 (13)	0.0602 (4)
C10	1.2336 (2)	0.1358 (2)	0.49544 (16)	0.0884 (6)
H10A	1.3010	0.1879	0.4581	0.133*
H10B	1.1604	0.1029	0.4441	0.133*
H10C	1.2798	0.0586	0.5316	0.133*
C11	1.0989 (2)	0.35311 (19)	0.53297 (16)	0.0795 (5)
H11A	1.0580	0.4014	0.5908	0.119*
H11B	1.0260	0.3280	0.4785	0.119*
H11C	1.1662	0.4119	0.5015	0.119*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0786 (8)	0.0347 (6)	0.0860 (8)	0.0026 (5)	0.0022 (6)	0.0060 (5)
O2	0.0715 (7)	0.0454 (6)	0.0679 (7)	0.0011 (5)	0.0085 (5)	0.0166 (5)
O3	0.0668 (7)	0.0740 (7)	0.0466 (6)	-0.0115 (5)	0.0049 (5)	-0.0029 (5)
O4	0.0564 (6)	0.0921 (9)	0.0635 (7)	-0.0089 (6)	0.0032 (5)	0.0079 (6)
N1	0.0698 (8)	0.0357 (6)	0.0725 (9)	-0.0011 (6)	0.0139 (7)	0.0037 (6)
C1	0.0679 (11)	0.0654 (11)	0.0919 (13)	-0.0016 (9)	0.0109 (10)	0.0018 (9)
C2	0.0669 (9)	0.0353 (7)	0.0470 (8)	0.0064 (7)	0.0154 (7)	-0.0002 (6)

## supplementary materials

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C3	0.0642 (9)	0.0450 (8)	0.0520 (9)	0.0082 (7)	0.0046 (7)	0.0053 (6)
C4	0.0594 (9)	0.0461 (8)	0.0454 (8)	0.0054 (7)	0.0009 (7)	-0.0001 (6)
C5	0.0547 (9)	0.0559 (8)	0.0547 (9)	0.0069 (7)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0018 (7)
C6	0.0635 (10)	0.0667 (11)	0.0695 (11)	0.0067 (8)	-0.0119 (9)	-0.0060 (8)
C7	0.0874 (13)	0.0752 (11)	0.0536 (10)	0.0159 (10)	-0.0133 (9)	-0.0085 (8)
C8	0.0877 (12)	0.0655 (10)	0.0479 (9)	0.0156 (9)	0.0055 (8)	0.0062 (7)
C9	0.0618 (9)	0.0676 (10)	0.0516 (9)	-0.0041 (8)	0.0069 (7)	0.0054 (7)
C10	0.1012 (15)	0.0889 (14)	0.0794 (13)	-0.0004 (11)	0.0356 (11)	-0.0040 (10)
C11	0.0805 (12)	0.0732 (12)	0.0827 (13)	0.0011 (10)	-0.0081 (10)	0.0106 (9)

### *Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C2	1.2037 (18)	C4—C5	1.372 (2)
O2—C2	1.3650 (18)	C5—C6	1.360 (2)
O2—C3	1.3911 (19)	C6—C7	1.380 (3)
O3—C4	1.3603 (19)	C6—H6	0.9300
O3—C9	1.4560 (19)	C7—C8	1.372 (3)
O4—C5	1.368 (2)	C7—H7	0.9300
O4—C9	1.441 (2)	C8—H8	0.9300
N1—C2	1.312 (2)	C9—C10	1.485 (2)
N1—C1	1.434 (2)	C9—C11	1.490 (2)
N1—H1	0.8600	C10—H10A	0.9600
C1—H1A	0.9600	C10—H10B	0.9600
C1—H1B	0.9600	C10—H10C	0.9600
C1—H1C	0.9600	C11—H11A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.365 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C3—C8	1.382 (2)	C11—H11C	0.9600
C2—O2—C3	116.85 (11)	C7—C6—H6	121.7
C4—O3—C9	105.66 (12)	C8—C7—C6	121.86 (16)
C5—O4—C9	106.26 (12)	C8—C7—H7	119.1
C2—N1—C1	121.84 (14)	C6—C7—H7	119.1
C2—N1—H1	119.1	C7—C8—C3	120.35 (16)
C1—N1—H1	119.1	C7—C8—H8	119.8
N1—C1—H1A	109.5	C3—C8—H8	119.8
N1—C1—H1B	109.5	O4—C9—O3	105.58 (12)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	O4—C9—C10	109.58 (15)
N1—C1—H1C	109.5	O3—C9—C10	107.98 (14)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	O4—C9—C11	108.10 (14)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	O3—C9—C11	109.30 (14)
O1—C2—N1	126.32 (15)	C10—C9—C11	115.83 (16)
O1—C2—O2	122.75 (14)	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
N1—C2—O2	110.93 (13)	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—C3—C8	117.95 (16)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—C3—O2	121.84 (13)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—C3—O2	120.08 (14)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
O3—C4—C3	128.60 (14)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
O3—C4—C5	110.59 (13)	C9—C11—H11A	109.5
C3—C4—C5	120.80 (14)	C9—C11—H11B	109.5
C6—C5—O4	128.11 (16)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5

C6—C5—C4	122.36 (15)	C9—C11—H11C	109.5
O4—C5—C4	109.50 (13)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	116.66 (17)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C5—C6—H6	121.7		
C1—N1—C2—O1	0.8 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.5 (2)
C1—N1—C2—O2	-179.66 (13)	O3—C4—C5—O4	-1.11 (17)
C3—O2—C2—O1	-3.81 (19)	C3—C4—C5—O4	177.83 (13)
C3—O2—C2—N1	176.62 (12)	O4—C5—C6—C7	-177.16 (15)
C2—O2—C3—C4	-68.19 (17)	C4—C5—C6—C7	0.8 (2)
C2—O2—C3—C8	116.03 (15)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.4 (3)
C9—O3—C4—C3	172.56 (15)	C6—C7—C8—C3	-0.3 (3)
C9—O3—C4—C5	-8.60 (16)	C4—C3—C8—C7	0.6 (2)
C8—C3—C4—O3	178.46 (14)	O2—C3—C8—C7	176.56 (14)
O2—C3—C4—O3	2.6 (2)	C5—O4—C9—O3	-15.26 (16)
C8—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (2)	C5—O4—C9—C10	-131.32 (15)
O2—C3—C4—C5	-176.13 (13)	C5—O4—C9—C11	101.61 (15)
C9—O4—C5—C6	-171.39 (16)	C4—O3—C9—O4	14.55 (15)
C9—O4—C5—C4	10.45 (17)	C4—O3—C9—C10	131.69 (14)
O3—C4—C5—C6	-179.39 (14)	C4—O3—C9—C11	-101.52 (15)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N1—H1...O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.01	2.819 (3)	157

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+3/2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$ .

Fig. 1

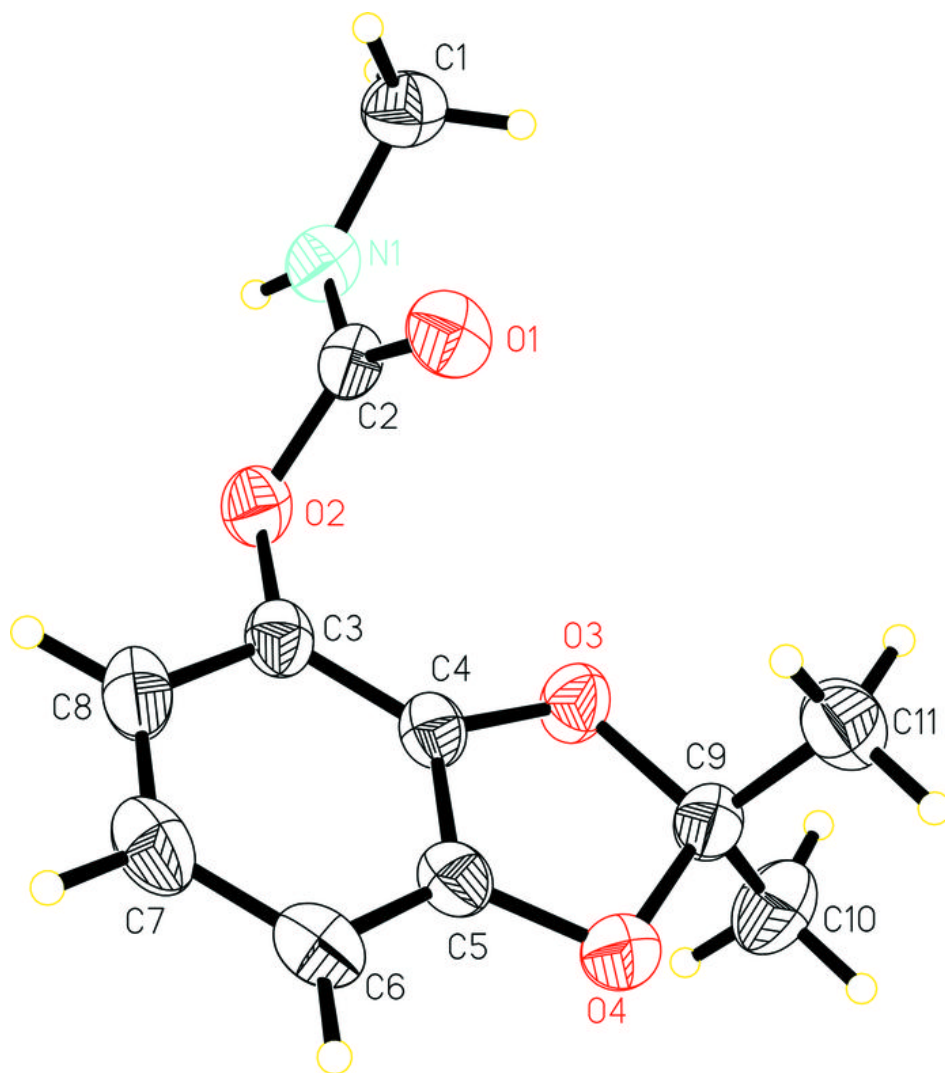




Fig. 2

